

Identify the vertical asymptote(s), x-intercept(s), and horizontal asymptote(s) of each rational function.

1) $f(x) = \frac{x(x+3)(x+4)}{x^3 + 7x^2 + 12x}$
 $\frac{4x^2 + 4x - 8}{4(x+1)(x-2)}$
 VA: $x = -1, x = 2$
 HA: none
 BOTN
 x-ints: 0, -3, -4

2) $f(x) = \frac{3}{x^2 - 2x - 3}$
 $\frac{3}{(x+1)(x-3)}$
 VA: $x = -1, x = 3$
 HA: $y = 0$
 BOBO
 x-ints: none

3) $f(x) = \frac{x(x-1)(x-3)}{x^3 - 4x^2 + 3x}$
 $\frac{-3x^2 + 3x + 6}{-3(x+1)(x-2)}$
 VA: $x = -1, x = 2$
 HA: $y = 0$
 BOBO
 x-ints: 0, 1, 3

4) $f(x) = -\frac{1}{x^2 - 9}$
 $\frac{1}{(x-3)(x+3)}$
 VA: $x = 3, x = -3$
 HA: $y = 0$
 BOBO
 x-ints: none

5) $f(x) = \frac{x(x-2)}{x^2 - 2x}$
 $\frac{4x^2 + 4x - 8}{4(x+1)(x-2)}$
 VA: $x = -1, x = 2$
 HA: $y = \frac{1}{4}$
 EATS DC
 x-ints: 0, 2

6) $f(x) = \frac{x(x-3)(x+4)}{x^3 + x^2 - 12x}$
 $\frac{-2x^2 - 2x + 4}{-2(x-1)(x+2)}$
 VA: $x = 1, x = -2$
 HA: none
 BOTN
 x-ints: 0, 3, -4

7) $f(x) = \frac{x+4}{x-3}$
 VA: $x = 3$
 HA: $y = 1$
 EATS DC
 x-ints: -4

8) $f(x) = \frac{x(x+1)(x+2)}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 2x}$
 $\frac{-4x^2 + 4x + 8}{-4(x+1)(x-2)}$
 VA: $x = 2$
 HA: none
 BOTN
 x-ints: 0, -2

9) $f(x) = \frac{(x-2)(x-3)}{x^2 - 5x + 6}$
 $\frac{-4x - 4}{-4(x+1)}$
 VA: $x = -1$
 HA: none
 BOTN
 x-ints: 2, 3

10) $f(x) = \frac{(x+2)(x+4)}{x^2 + 6x + 8}$
 $\frac{3x^2 - 3x - 6}{3(x+1)(x-2)}$
 VA: $x = -1, x = 2$
 HA: $y = \frac{1}{3}$
 EATS DC
 x-ints: -2, -4, -4

11) $f(x) = \frac{(x-2)(x+2)}{x^2 - 4}$
 $\frac{-4x - 12}{-4(x+3)}$
 VA: $x = -3$
 HA: none
 BOTN
 x-ints: 2, -2

12) $f(x) = \frac{x(x-4)(x+4)}{x^3 - 16x}$
 $\frac{-3x^2 + 9x}{-3(x-3)}$
 VA: $x = 3$
 HA: none
 BOTN
 x-ints: 4, -4

13) $f(x) = \frac{-1(x-2)(x+2)}{-x^2 + 4}$
 $\frac{x^2 + 6x + 8}{(x+2)(x+4)}$
 VA: $x = -4$
 HA: $y = -1$
 EATS DC
 x-ints: 2

14) $f(x) = \frac{(x-1)(x-2)}{x^2 - 3x + 2}$
 $\frac{-4x^2 + 12x}{-4x(x-3)}$
 VA: $x = 0, x = 3$
 HA: $y = -\frac{1}{4}$
 EATS DC
 x-ints: 1, 2

15) $f(x) = \frac{1}{x^2 - x - 6}$
 $\frac{1}{(x+2)(x-3)}$
 VA: $x = -2, x = 3$
 HA: $y = 0$
 BOBO
 x-ints: none

16) $f(x) = \frac{(x+1)(x+4)}{x^2 + 5x + 4}$
 $\frac{2x^2 - 2x - 12}{2(x+2)(x-3)}$
 VA: $x = -2, x = 3$
 HA: $y = \frac{1}{2}$
 EATS DC
 x-ints: -1, -4